1. (Previously presented) A color display system comprising:

a light source for providing a beam of white light along a light path; at least one color modulator on said light path, said color modulator comprised of a stack of at least two dielectric layers and at least three transparent electrode layers, wherein a voltage applied to said electrodes limits the wavelengths of light permitted to continue on said light path;

a controller;

a spatial light modulator on said light path, said spatial light modulator operable to selectively modulate incident light in response to signals from said controller; and projection optics on said light path operable to focus light from said spatial light modulator on an image plane.

- 2. (Original) The display system of Claim 1, further comprising a prism assembly for spatially separating an illumination segment of said light path from a projection segment of said light path, said spatial light modulator located at a junction between said illumination segment and said projection segment.
- (Original) The display system of Claim 2, wherein said color modulator is fabricated on a face of said prism assembly.
- (Original) The display system of Claim 1, wherein said color modulator is fabricated on said spatial light modulator.
- (Original) The display system of Claim 1, wherein said spatial light modulator is a deformable mirror device.
- 6. (Original) The display system of Claim 1, wherein said spatial light modulator is a liquid

crystal device.

7. (Currently amended) A color modulator comprising:

a substrate; and

alternating layers of electrodes and dielectric materials, wherein voltages applied to said electrodes are operable to alter a refractive index of said dielectric material between said electrodes to filter an incident white light beam into a light beam of at least one of at least three primary colors.

- 8. (Original) The color modulator of Claim 7, wherein said dielectric material are selected from the group consisting of, LiNbO₃, LiTaO₃, NH₄H₂PO₄, KH₂ PO₄, and CdTe.
- 9. (Original) The color modulator of Claim 7, said electrodes formed of Indium Tin Oxide.
- 10. (Currently amended) A method of creating a full-color image, the method comprising the steps of:

providing a beam of white light;

filtering said beam of white light to produce a primary color beam of light, said filtering step performed by passing said beam of white light through a stack of at least two dielectric layers, at least one of said dielectric layers exposed to an electric field;

selectively modulating portions of said primary color beam of light to produce an image-bearing beam of light; and

focusing said image-bearing beam of light on an image plane; and altering electrical signals biasing said stack of dielectric layers such that said primary color beam of light alternates between at least three primary colors.

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11. (Currently amended) [A]] <u>The</u> color modulator eomprising: of Claim 7,

alternating layers of electrodes and dielectric materials, wherein <u>said</u> voltages applied to said electrodes are operable to filter an incident white light beam into a light beam sequentially comprised of <u>at least each of</u> three primary colors.

12. (Currently amended) [[The]] A color modulator of Claim 11, comprising:

a substrate; and

alternating layers of electrodes and dielectric materials, wherein voltages applied to said electrodes are operable to filter an incident white light beam into a light beam comprised of at least one of at least three colors, wherein said dielectric material are selected from the group consisting of, LiNbO₃, LiTaO₃, NH₄H₂PO₄, KH₂ PO₄, and CdTe.

13. (Currently amended) The color modulator of Claim 12 [[11]], said electrodes formed of Indium Tin Oxide.